To: Calley Means

Make America Healthy Again Commission

From: Alliance for National Nutrition Incentives

Date: July X, 2025

Re: Role of Nutrition Incentives in Making America Healthy Again

Dear Secretary Kennedy and Secretary Rollins,

We write today to commend your efforts to make Americans healthy and urge you to utilize nutrition incentive programs to advance those efforts. To further the Make America Healthy Again (MAHA) Commission's goal of identifying solutions to our chronic disease epidemic with the highest return on investment for American taxpayers, we applaud the Commission for including nutrition incentives in its initial findings report and urge the Commission to expand support for nutrition incentives in its forthcoming comprehensive strategy. In addition to achieving measurable health outcomes, nutrition incentives advance USDA's goal of putting farmers first in policy solutions.

Incentive programs—which provide shoppers with a dollar-for-dollar match when their supplemental nutrition benefits are spent on fruits and vegetables—have a proven record of motivating behavior change among low-income shoppers. Today, fewer than one in ten Americans eat the recommended daily servings of fruits and vegetables. Due to the higher per-calorie cost of fruits and vegetables verses other grocery items, low-income shoppers eat even less produce than the average American. It is therefore statistically significant that low-income shoppers who participate in nutrition incentive programs eat more fruits and vegetables than the average American, not just the average low-income shopper.

Research finds that supplemental nutrition assistance-eligible populations who participated in produce prescription programs (PRx) lower their A1C (blood sugar) levels by between 6% and 17%, with the largest decrease occurring among those with uncontrolled diabetes. If achieved at scale, this behavior change will drive down costs for America's healthcare system. While the potential cost-savings to American taxpayers and health insurers resulting from an increase in produce consumption on this scale is difficult to predict, it is estimated to be upwards of \$40 billion annually.

Nutrition incentives have been tested and are ready to scale. In the 2018 Farm Bill, Congress and President Trump expanded the Gus Schumacher Nutrition Incentive Program (GusNIP), which provides competitive grants to state and local nutrition assistance incentive and produce prescription programs. GusNIP advances USDA Secretary Rollin's vision for USDA's nutrition programs by creating new opportunities to connect America's

farmers to nutrition assistance and empowering states to take ownership of nutrition policy.

GusNIP's enabling legislation directs programs to increase the share of supplemental nutrition assistance and incentive dollars spent with American fruit and vegetable farmers. At a time when American fruit and vegetable growers are being undercut by foreign competition, supplemental nutrition assistance and nutrition incentive benefits are a much-needed source of revenue.

As of 2025, 34 state governments have seen GusNIP's value in supporting their state's fruit and vegetable industry while simultaneously improving health outcomes among their residents and appropriated match funding from their state budgets. These appropriations help federal funds go further and ensure that states are invested in the success of their nutrition incentive programs.

GusNIP's current funding level—roughly \$50 million annually—is a down payment but not full-fledged investment in improving the health of low-income Americans. Current federal spending on nutrition incentives is simply inadequate to allow every supplemental nutrition assistance recipient or farmer to participate in a nutrition incentive program. We urge the MAHA Commission to begin the process of scaling GusNIP to achieve population-level impact. Within the decade, every SNAP recipient in all 50 states should be able to participate in a nutrition incentive program.

After years of struggling to motivate SNAP recipients to eat healthier diets, we have finally found a solution that works and supports American farmers – it's a win-win scenario! We stand committed to working with the Commission to seize this opportunity and capitalize on the health savings to be realized by allowing 42 million low-income Americans to put healthier, more nutritious food on their tables.